## SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

### 1.1. Product identifier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product form</th>
<th>Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Nitrogen, compressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS No</td>
<td>7727-37-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formula</td>
<td>N2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen, Nitrogen - Diving Grade</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Use of the substance/mixture: Industrial use, Medical applications, Food applications, Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

- Emergency number: Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633
  - CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week — Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification (GHS-US)**

- Compressed gas: H280

### 2.2. Label elements

**GHS-US labeling**

#### Hazard pictograms (GHS-US):

- GHS04

#### Signal word (GHS-US): WARNING

#### Hazard statements (GHS-US):

- **H280** - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
- **OSHA-H01** - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

#### Precautionary statements (GHS-US):

- **P202** - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- **P271**+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
- **CGA-PG05** - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
- **CGA-PG10** - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.
- **CGA-PG06** - Close valve after each use and when empty.
- **CGA-PG02** - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available
Nitrogen, compressed
Safety Data Sheet P-4631
Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 06/24/2015 Supersedes: 04/23/2015

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance
Name: Nitrogen, compressed
CAS No: 7727-37-9

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen</td>
<td>(CAS No) 7727-37-9</td>
<td>99.5 - 100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2. Mixture
Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures
First-aid measures after inhalation: Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
First-aid measures after eye contact: Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Reactivity: Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters
Firefighting instructions: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
Protection during firefighting: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
Special protective equipment for fire fighters: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Specific methods: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.

Stop flow of product if safe to do so.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
General measures: Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product: The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>Not established</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td>Not established</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen (7727-37-9)</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>Not established</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td>Not established</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Colorless gas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular mass</td>
<td>28 g/mol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No odor warning properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>-210 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>-195.8 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical temperature</td>
<td>-149.9 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical pressure</td>
<td>3390 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density at 20 °C</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1.16 kg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative gas density</td>
<td>0.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Water: 20 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Pow</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Kow</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, dynamic</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limits</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2. Other information

Gas group: Compressed gas

Additional information: None.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
May occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials
None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
  pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
  pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity
Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Persistence and degradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)</td>
<td>No ecological damage caused by this product.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen (7727-37-9)</td>
<td>No ecological damage caused by this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Bioaccumulative potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)</td>
<td>No ecological damage caused by this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Log Pow Not applicable.
Log Kow Not applicable.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen (7727-37-9)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Log Pow</td>
<td>Not applicable for inorganic gases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Kow</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bioaccumulative potential</td>
<td>No ecological damage caused by this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4. Mobility in soil

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobility in soil</td>
<td>No data available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecology - soil</td>
<td>No ecological damage caused by this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen (7727-37-9)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobility in soil</td>
<td>No data available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecology - soil</td>
<td>No ecological damage caused by this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.
Effect on the global warming : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1066 Nitrogen, compressed, 2.2
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1066
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, compressed
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066); 120 (UN1977)
Other information : No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1066
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 121

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1066
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Nitrogen, compressed
### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

**Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory</th>
<th>SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Sudden release of pressure hazard</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 15.2. International regulations

**CANADA**

**Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)**

- Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

- Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

**EU-Regulations**

**Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)**

- Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

**Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)</th>
<th>Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)</th>
<th>Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)</th>
<th>Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)</th>
<th>Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 15.3. US State regulations

**Nitrogen, compressed(7727-37-9)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</th>
<th>No significance risk level (NSRL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</th>
<th>No significance risk level (NSRL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List</th>
<th>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</th>
<th>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date: 6/24/2015 12:00:00 AM
Other information:
When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

NFPA health hazard: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.
NFPA fire hazard: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.
NFPA specific hazard: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.

HMIS III Rating
Health: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health
Flammability: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical: 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.